

1                   **HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION**

2                               STATE OF OKLAHOMA

3                               2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

4   HOUSE BILL 3849

                              By: Boatman

7                               AS INTRODUCED

8                   **[ revenue and taxation - Oklahoma taxable income and**  
9                               **adjusted gross income - modifying provisions**  
10                           **related to apportionment factors - effective date ]**

13   BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

14           SECTION 1.       AMENDATORY       68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, is  
15   amended to read as follows:

16           Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,  
17   1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to  
18   arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income  
19   as required by this section.

20           A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to  
21   arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma  
22   adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

23           1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any  
24   state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise

1 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that  
2 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross  
3 income.

4 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that  
5 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the  
6 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws  
7 of Oklahoma.

8 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall  
9 be adjusted as follows:

10 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years  
11 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any  
12 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for  
13 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an  
14 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss  
15 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant  
16 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for  
17 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of  
18 the total loss for such year;

19 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years  
20 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any  
21 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable  
22 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the  
23 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks  
24 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be

1 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of  
2 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as  
3 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351  
4 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without  
5 regard to the existence of a federal net operating  
6 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,  
7 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to  
8 which such losses may be carried shall be determined  
9 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal  
10 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the  
11 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and  
12 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net  
13 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For  
14 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and  
15 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such  
16 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)  
17 years. For tax years beginning after December 31,  
18 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried  
19 back shall be determined solely by reference to  
20 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,  
21 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net  
22 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced  
23 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma  
24 taxable income".

1       4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as  
2 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately  
3 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or  
4 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated  
5 on the same basis as those items:

6           a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such  
7               as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and  
8               gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be  
9               allocated in accordance with the situs of such  
10              property;

11          b. Income from intangible personal property, such as  
12               interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,  
13               and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall  
14               be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs  
15               of the taxpayer, except that:

16            (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary  
17               business or commercial situs apart from the  
18               domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be  
19               allocated in accordance with such business or  
20               commercial situs; interest income from  
21               investments held to generate working capital for  
22               a unitary business enterprise shall be included  
23               in apportionable income; a resident trust or  
24               resident estate shall be treated as having a

1           separate commercial or business situs insofar as  
2           undistributed income is concerned, but shall not  
3           be treated as having a separate commercial or  
4           business situs insofar as distributed income is  
5           concerned,

6           (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,  
7           2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from  
8           the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly  
9           traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)  
10          of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated  
11          to this state in the ratio of the original cost  
12          of such partnership's tangible property in this  
13          state to the original cost of such partnership's  
14          tangible property everywhere, as determined at  
15          the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent  
16          (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets  
17          consists of intangible assets, capital or  
18          ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an  
19          ownership interest in the partnership shall be  
20          allocated to this state in accordance with the  
21          sales factor of the partnership for its first  
22          full tax period immediately preceding its tax  
23          period during which the ownership interest in the  
24          partnership was sold; the provisions of this

1                   division shall only apply if the capital or  
2                   ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an  
3                   ownership interest in a partnership do not  
4                   constitute qualifying gain receiving capital  
5                   treatment as defined in subparagraph a of  
6                   paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

7                   (3) income from such property which is required to be  
8                   allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph  
9                   5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein  
10                  provided;

11               c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is  
12               not a part of business carried on within or without  
13               the state of a unitary character shall be separately  
14               allocated to the state in which such activity is  
15               conducted;

16               d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing  
17               enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists  
18               solely of marketing its products by:

19                   (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped  
20                   directly to a point from without the state to a  
21                   purchaser within the state, commonly known as  
22                   interstate sales,

23                   (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses  
24                   within the state pursuant to "in transit"

1 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the  
2 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser  
3 within the state,

4 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses  
5 within the state where the shipment to such  
6 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"  
7 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the  
8 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser  
9 within or without the state,

10 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the  
11 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of  
12 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived  
13 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales  
14 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales  
15 defined in this section made to the purchaser within  
16 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term  
17 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means  
18 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of  
19 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

20 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable  
21 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for  
22 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments  
23 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1  
24 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

1           (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of  
2           this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance  
3           company for a taxable year shall be apportioned  
4           to this state by multiplying such income by a  
5           fraction, the numerator of which is the direct  
6           premiums written for insurance on property or  
7           risks in this state, and the denominator of which  
8           is the direct premiums written for insurance on  
9           property or risks everywhere. For purposes of  
10          this subsection, the term "direct premiums  
11          written" means the total amount of direct  
12          premiums written, assessments and annuity  
13          considerations as reported for the taxable year  
14          on the annual statement filed by the company with  
15          the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved  
16          by the National Association of Insurance  
17          Commissioners, or such other form as may be  
18          prescribed in lieu thereof,

19          (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an  
20          insurance company consists of premiums for  
21          reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of  
22          such company shall be apportioned to this state  
23          by multiplying such income by a fraction, the  
24          numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct

1 premiums written for insurance on property or  
2 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written  
3 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property  
4 or risks in this state, and the denominator of  
5 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written  
6 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,  
7 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance  
8 accepted in respect of property or risks  
9 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,  
10 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in  
11 respect of property or risks in this state,  
12 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the  
13 election of the company be determined on the  
14 basis of the proportion which premiums written  
15 for insurance accepted from companies  
16 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to  
17 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from  
18 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion  
19 which the sum of the direct premiums written for  
20 insurance on property or risks in this state by  
21 each ceding company from which reinsurance is  
22 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct  
23 premiums written by each such ceding company for  
24 the taxable year.

1        5. ~~The~~

- 2            a. Except as otherwise provided by subparagraphs b or c  
3            of this paragraph, for taxable years beginning not  
4            later than December 31, 2022, the net income or loss  
5            remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4  
6            of this subsection, being that which is derived from a  
7            unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to  
8            this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of  
9            three factors consisting of property, payroll and  
10           sales or gross revenue enumerated as ~~subparagraphs a,~~  
11           ~~b and c of this paragraph~~ divisions (1), (2), and (3)  
12           of subparagraph c of this paragraph. Net income or  
13           loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived  
14           from patent or copyright royalties, purchase  
15           discounts, and interest on accounts receivable  
16           relating to or arising from a business activity, the  
17           income from which is apportioned pursuant to this  
18           subsection, including the sale or other disposition of  
19           such property and any other property used in the  
20           unitary enterprise. Deductions used in computing such  
21           net income or loss shall not include taxes based on or  
22           measured by income. ~~Provided,~~  
23           b. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
24           2023, for corporations whose property for purposes of

1 the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an  
2 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two  
3 Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such  
4 investment is made on or after ~~July 1, 1997,~~ January  
5 1, 2023, or for corporations which expand their  
6 property or facilities or which make improvements or  
7 upgrades or any combination of such expenditures in  
8 this state and such expansion ~~has,~~ improvements or  
9 upgrades have an investment cost equaling or exceeding  
10 Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) over a  
11 period not to exceed three (3) years, and such  
12 expansion, improvements or upgrades, or any  
13 combination of such expenditures is commenced on or  
14 after January 1, ~~2000,~~ 2021, the corporation may elect  
15 to compute Oklahoma taxable income using either three  
16 ~~factors shall be apportioned with property and~~  
17 ~~payroll, each comprising twenty-five percent (25%) of~~  
18 ~~the apportionment factor and a single sales factor~~  
19 comprising ~~fifty percent (50%)~~ one hundred percent  
20 (100%) of the apportionment factor or the corporation  
21 may elect to compute Oklahoma taxable income using the  
22 apportionment methodology in which each of the three  
23 factors is equally weighted and an arithmetical  
24

1           average of the three factors is determined as  
2           otherwise provided by this paragraph. The

3           c. For any other corporation, for taxable years beginning  
4           on or after January 1, 2023, Oklahoma taxable income  
5           shall be computed using a single sales factor  
6           comprising one hundred percent (100%) of the  
7           apportionment and the corporation shall not use an  
8           arithmetic average of the three factors consisting of  
9           property, payroll, and sales. For the applicable tax  
10           years, the apportionment factors shall be computed as  
11           follows and for corporations required to use the  
12           single sales factor the provisions of division (3) of  
13           this subparagraph shall be used to determine Oklahoma  
14           taxable income as provided therein:

15           ~~a.~~ (1) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator  
16                           of which is the average value of the taxpayer's  
17                           real and tangible personal property owned or  
18                           rented and used in this state during the tax  
19                           period and the denominator of which is the  
20                           average value of all the taxpayer's real and  
21                           tangible personal property everywhere owned or  
22                           rented and used during the tax period.

23           ~~(1)~~ (a) Property, the income from which is  
24                           separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this

1 subsection, shall not be included in  
2 determining this fraction. The numerator of  
3 the fraction shall include a portion of the  
4 investment in transportation and other  
5 equipment having no fixed situs, such as  
6 rolling stock, buses, trucks and trailers,  
7 including machinery and equipment carried  
8 thereon, airplanes, salespersons'  
9 automobiles and other similar equipment, in  
10 the proportion that miles traveled in  
11 Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total  
12 miles traveled,

13 ~~(2)~~ (b) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at  
14 its original cost. Property rented by the  
15 taxpayer is valued at eight times the net  
16 annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate  
17 is the annual rental rate paid by the  
18 taxpayer, less any annual rental rate  
19 received by the taxpayer from subrentals,

20 ~~(3)~~ (c) The average value of property shall be  
21 determined by averaging the values at the  
22 beginning and ending of the tax period but  
23 the Oklahoma Tax Commission may require the  
24 averaging of monthly values during the tax

1 period if reasonably required to reflect  
2 properly the average value of the taxpayer's  
3 property;

4 ~~b.~~ (2) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator  
5 of which is the total compensation for services  
6 rendered in the state during the tax period, and  
7 the denominator of which is the total  
8 compensation for services rendered everywhere  
9 during the tax period. "Compensation", as used  
10 in this ~~subsection~~ division means those paid-for  
11 services to the extent related to the unitary  
12 business but does not include officers' salaries,  
13 wages and other compensation.

14 ~~(1)~~ (a) In the case of a transportation enterprise,  
15 the numerator of the fraction shall include  
16 a portion of such expenditure in connection  
17 with employees operating equipment over a  
18 fixed route, such as railroad employees,  
19 airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this  
20 state only a part of the time, in the  
21 proportion that mileage traveled in Oklahoma  
22 bears to total mileage traveled by such  
23 employees,  
24

1           ~~(2)~~ (b) In any case the numerator of the fraction  
2                           shall include a portion of such expenditures  
3                           in connection with itinerant employees, such  
4                           as traveling salespersons, in this state  
5                           only a part of the time, in the proportion  
6                           that time spent in Oklahoma bears to total  
7                           time spent in furtherance of the enterprise  
8                           by such employees;

9           ~~e.~~ (3) The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of  
10                          which is the total sales or gross revenue of the  
11                          taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and  
12                          the denominator of which is the total sales or  
13                          gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during  
14                          the tax period. "Sales", as used in this  
15                          ~~subsection~~ division, does not include sales or  
16                          gross revenue which are separately allocated in  
17                          paragraph 4 of this subsection.

18           ~~(1)~~ (a) Sales of tangible personal property have a  
19                           situs in this state if the property is  
20                           delivered or shipped to a purchaser other  
21                           than the United States government, within  
22                           this state regardless of the FOB point or  
23                           other conditions of the sale; ~~or the~~  
24                           ~~property is shipped from an office, store,~~

1                   ~~warehouse, factory or other place of storage~~  
2                   ~~in this state and (a) the purchaser is the~~  
3                   ~~United States government or (b) the taxpayer~~  
4                   ~~is not doing business in the state of the~~  
5                   ~~destination of the shipment.~~

6           ~~(2)~~ (b)   In the case of a railroad or interurban  
7                   railway enterprise, the numerator of the  
8                   fraction shall not be less than the  
9                   allocation of revenues to this state as  
10                  shown in its annual report to the  
11                  Corporation Commission.

12          ~~(3)~~ (c)   In the case of an airline, truck or bus  
13                  enterprise or freight car, tank car,  
14                  refrigerator car or other railroad equipment  
15                  enterprise, the numerator of the fraction  
16                  shall include a portion of revenue from  
17                  interstate transportation in the proportion  
18                  that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma  
19                  bears to total interstate mileage traveled.

20          ~~(4)~~ (d)   In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas  
21                  pipeline enterprise, the numerator of the  
22                  fraction shall be either the total of  
23                  traffic units of the enterprise within  
24                  Oklahoma or the revenue allocated to

Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator of which shall be the total of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

~~(5)~~ (e) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other communication enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include that portion of the interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission; provided that in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission to keep its books and records in accordance with a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall

1 be determined separately in the manner  
2 provided by such uniform system of accounts  
3 and only the interstate income shall be  
4 subject to allocation pursuant to the  
5 provisions of paragraph 4 of this  
6 subsection. Provided further, that the  
7 gross revenue factors shall be those as are  
8 determined pursuant to the accounting  
9 procedures prescribed by the Federal  
10 Communications Commission.

11 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors  
12 prescribed in ~~this paragraph~~ division (1), (2), or (3) of this  
13 subparagraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of the  
14 enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the property owned  
15 and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact  
16 that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed to  
17 any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because  
18 one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable  
19 extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of other  
20 reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing  
21 by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been  
22 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an  
23 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,  
24 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or

1 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.  
2 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed  
3 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income  
4 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and  
5 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income  
6 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable  
7 portion thereof.

8       6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or  
9 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state  
10 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an  
11 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent  
12 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded  
13 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,  
14 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen  
15 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded  
16 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming  
17 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated  
18 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars  
19 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules  
20 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible  
21 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph  
22 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In  
23 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this  
24 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any

1 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One  
2 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into  
3 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption  
4 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this  
5 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an  
6 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph  
7 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which  
8 the investment was originally made.

9 For purposes of this paragraph:

10 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means  
11 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used  
12 or operated primarily for the processing or production  
13 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.  
14 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that  
15 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two  
16 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which  
17 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not  
18 include a facility that provides only, and nothing  
19 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation  
20 of agricultural commodities, and

21 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is  
22 used in a process primarily for:

23 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,  
24 including receiving or storing agricultural

1 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy  
2 operation,

3 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or  
4 product before, during or after the processing,  
5 or

6 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for  
7 sale or shipment.

8 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this  
9 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in  
10 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss  
11 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance  
12 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,  
13 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss  
14 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

15 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

16 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal  
17 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of  
18 the income from all other sources other than reflected  
19 on Schedule F.

20 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all  
21 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in  
22 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.  
23 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be  
24 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant

1 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this  
2 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the  
3 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

4 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an  
5 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA  
6 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor  
7 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One  
8 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is  
9 utilized.

10 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,  
11 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to  
12 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income  
13 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986  
14 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment  
15 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from  
16 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred  
17 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)  
18 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American  
19 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

20 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,  
21 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted  
22 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to  
23 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or  
24 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the

1 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would  
2 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing  
3 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,  
4 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item  
5 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the  
6 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and  
7 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma  
8 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall  
9 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and  
10 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in  
11 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",  
12 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by  
13 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of  
14 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in  
15 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this  
16 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income  
17 tax purposes.

18 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further  
19 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those  
20 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the  
21 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section  
22 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the  
23 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the  
24 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,

1 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after  
2 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma  
3 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for  
4 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,  
5 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
6 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the  
7 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax  
8 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,  
9 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for  
10 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of  
11 such assets.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax  
13 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue  
14 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of  
15 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,  
16 and before January 1, 1983.

17 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which  
18 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an  
19 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year  
20 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such  
21 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The  
22 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance  
23 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal  
24 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

1        2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and  
2 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to  
3 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-  
4 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a  
5 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as  
6 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

7        C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the  
8 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to  
9 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to  
10 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor  
11 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an  
12 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result  
13 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed  
14 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such  
15 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such  
16 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years  
17 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from  
18 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of  
19 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,  
20 1988.

21        2. For purposes of this subsection:

22            a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether  
23                organized as a corporation, partnership, or  
24                proprietorship, organized for profit with its

principal place of business located within this state  
and which meets the following criteria:

- (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty  
Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
- (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its  
employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the  
time of the transfer, and
- (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor  
corporation;

b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,  
pattern, device or compilation of scientific or  
technical information which is not in the public  
domain;

c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is  
the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology  
at the time the transfer is made; and

d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of  
consideration for the transfer of technology, whether  
the consideration is in money or otherwise.

D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the  
taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further  
adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such  
corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from  
Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving

1 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during  
2 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such  
3 corporation, estate or trust.

4 2. As used in this subsection:

5 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means  
6 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section  
7 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the  
8 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate  
9 or trust that result from:

10 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal  
11 property located within Oklahoma that has been  
12 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,  
13 estate or trust for a holding period of at least  
14 five (5) years prior to the date of the  
15 transaction from which such net capital gains  
16 arise,

17 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership  
18 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited  
19 liability company, or partnership where such  
20 stock or ownership interest has been directly or  
21 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or  
22 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)  
23 years prior to the date of the transaction from  
24 which the net capital gains arise, or

1 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal  
2 property or intangible personal property located  
3 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or  
4 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma  
5 company, limited liability company, or  
6 partnership where such property has been directly  
7 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the  
8 owners of such entity, and used in or derived  
9 from such entity for a period of at least three  
10 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction  
11 from which the net capital gains arise,

12 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of  
13 time. The holding period shall include any additional  
14 period when the property was held by another  
15 individual or entity, if such additional period is  
16 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the  
17 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

18 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or  
19 "partnership" means an entity whose primary  
20 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at  
21 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date  
22 of the transaction from which the net capital gains  
23 arise,  
24

1           d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,  
2           and

3           e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a  
4           pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through  
5           entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the  
6           qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

7           (1) With respect to sales of real property or  
8           tangible personal property located within  
9           Oklahoma, the deduction described in this  
10          subsection shall not apply unless the pass-  
11          through entity that makes the sale has held the  
12          property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted  
13          years prior to the date of the transaction that  
14          created the capital gain, and each pass-through  
15          entity included in the chain of ownership has  
16          been a member, partner, or shareholder of the  
17          pass-through entity in the tier immediately below  
18          it for an uninterrupted period of not less than  
19          five (5) years.

20          (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership  
21          interest in or sales of all or substantially all  
22          of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited  
23          liability company, or partnership, the deduction  
24          described in this subsection shall not apply

1 unless the pass-through entity that makes the  
2 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or  
3 the assets for not less than three (3)  
4 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the  
5 transaction that created the capital gain, and  
6 each pass-through entity included in the chain of  
7 ownership has been a member, partner or  
8 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the  
9 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted  
10 period of not less than three (3) years.

11 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual  
12 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma  
13 taxable income:

14 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or  
15 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary  
16 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars  
17 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed  
18 by the Internal Revenue Code.

19 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One  
20 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or  
21 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For  
22 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind  
23 only if the central visual acuity of the individual  
24 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with

1           correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the  
2           individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied  
3           by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the  
4           widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle  
5           no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

6           c.   There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One  
7           Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or  
8           spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at  
9           the close of the tax year based upon the filing status  
10          and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.  
11          Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim  
12          this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income  
13          does not exceed:

- 14           (1)   Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if  
15                married and filing jointly;  
16           (2)   Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)  
17                if married and filing separately;  
18           (3)   Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;  
19                and  
20           (4)   Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a  
21                qualifying head of household.

22          Provided, for taxable years beginning after December  
23          31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of  
24          federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the

1 conversion of a traditional individual retirement  
2 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall  
3 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for  
4 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this  
5 subparagraph.

6 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,  
7 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard  
8 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall  
9 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the  
10 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in  
11 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal  
12 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of  
13 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross  
14 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to  
15 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that  
16 in the case of a married individual filing a separate  
17 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen  
18 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income  
19 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed  
20 the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars  
21 (\$1,000.00).

22 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
23 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of  
24 individuals who use the standard deduction in

1 determining taxable income, there shall be added or  
2 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary  
3 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard  
4 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an  
5 amount equal to:

6 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing  
7 status is married filing joint, head of household  
8 or qualifying widow; or

9 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing  
10 status is single or married filing separate.

11 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and  
12 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals  
13 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
14 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
15 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
16 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
17 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

18 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),  
19 if the filing status is married filing joint or  
20 qualifying widow; or

21 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars  
22 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or  
23  
24

1 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars  
2 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or  
3 married filing separate.

4 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and  
5 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals  
6 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
8 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

11 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if  
12 the filing status is married filing joint or  
13 qualifying widow, or

14 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars  
15 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or

16 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars  
17 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or  
18 married filing separate.

19 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and  
20 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals  
21 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
22 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
23 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
24

1 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
2 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- 3 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),  
4 if the filing status is married filing joint or  
5 qualifying widow, or  
6 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars  
7 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or  
8 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars  
9 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or  
10 married filing separate.

11 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by  
12 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which  
13 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

14 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
15 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of  
16 individuals who use the standard deduction in  
17 determining taxable income, there shall be added or  
18 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary  
19 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard  
20 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based  
21 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such  
22 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income  
23 tax returns.  
24

1           g.   For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
2                   2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard  
3                   deduction in determining taxable income, there shall  
4                   be added or deducted, as the case may be, the  
5                   difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in  
6                   lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal  
7                   Revenue Code, as follows:

8                   (1)   Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars  
9                           (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing  
10                           separately,

11                  (2)   Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars  
12                           (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or  
13                           qualifying widower with dependent child, and

14                  (3)   Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars  
15                           (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

16       3.    a.   In the case of resident and part-year resident  
17                   individuals having adjusted gross income from sources  
18                   both within and without the state, the itemized or  
19                   standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be  
20                   reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the  
21                   total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of  
22                   adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized  
23                   deductions include allowable moving expense, proration  
24                   of moving expense shall not be required or permitted

1 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible  
2 for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and  
3 no part of moving expense shall be deductible for  
4 those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma.  
5 All other itemized or standard deductions and personal  
6 exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided  
7 by law.

8 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
9 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable  
10 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the  
11 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall  
12 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00).  
13 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable  
14 contributions and medical expenses deductible for  
15 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the  
16 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as  
17 specified by this subparagraph.

18 4. A resident individual with a physical disability  
19 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from  
20 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor  
21 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or  
22 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans  
23 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected  
24 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a

1 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to  
2 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a  
3 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which  
4 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission  
5 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

6       5.    a.    Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five  
7               Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person  
8               from the United States as salary or compensation in  
9               any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member  
10              of any component of the Armed Forces of the United  
11              States shall be deducted from taxable income.

12            b.    On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)  
13               of the income received by any person from the United  
14               States as salary or compensation in any form, other  
15               than retirement benefits, as a member of any component  
16               of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be  
17               deducted from taxable income.

18            c.    Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a  
19               member of the Armed Forces of the United States is  
20               made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by  
21               reason of:

22               (1)   absence from the United States, which term  
23                      includes only the states and the District of  
24                      Columbia;

1 (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on  
2 active duty; or

3 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United  
4 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or  
5 disease,

6 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax  
7 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring  
8 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth  
9 day of the third month following the month in which:

10 (a) Such individual shall return to the United  
11 States if the extension is granted pursuant  
12 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return  
13 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is  
14 granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this  
15 paragraph or be discharged from such  
16 hospital if the extension is granted  
17 pursuant to subparagraph c of this  
18 paragraph; or

19 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator  
20 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,  
21 whichever event occurs the earliest.

22 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant  
23 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of  
24 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax

1 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such  
2 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax  
3 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in  
4 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,  
5 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

6 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of  
7 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any  
8 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be  
9 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is  
10 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is  
11 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,  
12 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as  
13 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

14 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or  
15 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal  
16 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable  
17 year.

18 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this  
19 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual  
20 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the  
21 extent they relate to income subject to taxation  
22 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax  
23 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding  
24 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the

Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted gross income.

c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced refund of the credit received during the tax year provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not be subject to taxation.

d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,

1 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law  
2 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and  
3 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement  
4 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant  
5 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the  
6 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma  
7 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma  
8 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee  
9 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-  
10 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt  
11 from taxable income.

12 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social  
13 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from  
14 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the  
15 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section  
16 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

17 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-  
18 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,  
19 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)  
20 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which  
21 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or  
22 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,  
23 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a  
24 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account

1 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
2 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage  
3 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in  
4 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from  
5 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of  
6 the Internal Revenue Code.

7 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,  
8 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings  
9 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title  
10 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

11 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the  
12 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a  
13 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction  
14 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs  
15 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for  
16 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be  
17 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is  
18 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of  
19 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to  
20 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation  
21 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the  
22 individual.

1       13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,  
2           nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident  
3           individual taxpayer in connection with:

4           (1) the adoption of a minor, or

5           (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not  
6           result in a decreed adoption,

7           may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross  
8           income.

9       b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions  
10       authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty  
11       Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.

12       c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement  
13       the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a  
14       specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which  
15       may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax  
16       Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for  
17       verification.

18       d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,  
19       court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and  
20       expenses which are directly related to the legal  
21       process of adoption of a child including, but not  
22       limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,  
23       health and psychological examinations, transportation  
24       and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child

1 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the  
2 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other  
3 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses"  
4 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the  
5 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and  
6 after the point of the initiation of the contest,  
7 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation  
8 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or  
9 property, except for a special needs child as  
10 authorized by the court.

11 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,  
12 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts  
13 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an  
14 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and  
15 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five  
16 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing  
17 status is single, head of household, or married filing  
18 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or  
19 less if the filing status is married filing joint or  
20 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.  
21 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,  
22 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts  
23 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an  
24 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is

1 less than the qualifying amount specified in this  
2 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount  
4 shall be as follows:

5 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,  
6 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the  
7 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand  
8 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the  
9 filing status is single, head of household, or  
10 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand  
11 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status  
12 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

13 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,  
14 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand  
15 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status  
16 is single, head of household, or married filing  
17 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars  
18 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is  
19 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

20 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,  
21 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand  
22 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the  
23 filing status is single, head of household, or  
24 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-

1 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if  
2 the filing status is married filing jointly or  
3 qualifying widow,

4 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,  
5 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred  
6 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the  
7 filing status is single, head of household, or  
8 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand  
9 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing  
10 status is married filing jointly or qualifying  
11 widow, and

12 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,  
13 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no  
14 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

15 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"  
16 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the  
17 following:

18 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies  
19 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal  
20 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

21 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that  
22 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the  
23 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,  
24

- 1 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or  
2 trust or simplified employee pension that  
3 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the  
4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,  
5 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of  
6 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue  
7 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),  
8 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the  
9 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal  
10 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or  
11 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan  
12 which satisfies the requirements of Section  
13 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,  
14 Section 402(e).

15 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph  
16 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars  
17 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five  
18 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and  
19 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year  
20 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual  
21 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8  
22 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a  
23 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph  
24 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount

1 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars  
2 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five  
3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and  
4 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax  
5 year and all subsequent tax years.

6 15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an  
7 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a  
8 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for  
9 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any  
10 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal  
11 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an  
12 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the  
13 production of agricultural products.

14 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount  
15 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship  
16 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps  
17 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the  
18 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

19 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,  
20 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a  
21 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts  
22 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings  
23 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of  
24 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the

1 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand  
2 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for  
3 each account.

4 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,  
5 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for  
6 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the  
7 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual  
8 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to  
9 all such accounts plus any contributions to such  
10 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after  
11 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no  
12 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten  
13 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual  
14 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for  
15 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a  
16 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in  
17 the year for which the contribution is made may be  
18 carried forward as a deduction from income for the  
19 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years  
20 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be  
21 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a  
22 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding  
23 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax  
24 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1            Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may  
2            not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

3            c.    In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,  
4            deductions for contributions made pursuant to  
5            subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as  
6            follows:

7            (1)   for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year  
8            carryforward election and who takes a rollover or  
9            nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the  
10           tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to  
11           subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced  
12           by the amount which is equal to the rollover or  
13           nonqualified withdrawal, and

14           (2)   for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or  
15           nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year  
16           in which a contribution was made to the  
17           taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise  
18           available pursuant to subparagraph b of this  
19           paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the  
20           contribution which is equal to the rollover or  
21           nonqualified withdrawal.

22           d.    If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a  
23           contribution for which a deduction has been taken  
24           pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within

1           one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount  
2           of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted  
3           gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of  
4           the rollover.

5           e.    If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of  
6           contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant  
7           to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified  
8           withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included  
9           in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the  
10          taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

11          f.    As used in this paragraph:

12           (1)   "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal  
13           from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account  
14           other than one of the following:

15           (a)   a qualified withdrawal,

16           (b)   a withdrawal made as a result of the death  
17           or disability of the designated beneficiary  
18           of an account,

19           (c)   a withdrawal that is made on the account of  
20           a scholarship or the allowance or payment  
21           described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or  
22           by the Internal Revenue Code, received by  
23           the designated beneficiary to the extent the  
24           amount of the refund does not exceed the

1 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or  
2 payment, or

3 (d) a rollover or change of designated  
4 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of  
5 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma  
6 Statutes, and

7 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the  
8 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan  
9 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,  
11 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of  
12 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the  
13 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten  
14 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income  
15 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by  
16 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

17 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,  
18 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,  
19 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security  
20 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such  
21 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant  
22 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
23 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:  
24

- a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
- e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) of such benefits shall be exempt.

20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross income if the individual, or the dependent of the individual, while living, donates one or more human organs of the individual to another human being for human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ transplantation occurs.

1           b.    An individual may claim this deduction only once, and  
2                the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed  
3                expenses that are incurred by the individual and  
4                related to the organ donation of the individual.

5           c.    The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to  
6                implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall  
7                contain a specific list of expenses which may be  
8                presumed to qualify for the deduction.  The Tax  
9                Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for  
10               verification.

11        21.   For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there  
12 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the  
13 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician  
14 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-  
15 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

16        22.   For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,  
17 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation  
18 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
19 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009) .

20        23.   For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there  
21 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less  
22 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award  
23 for participation in a competitive livestock show event.  For  
24 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a

1 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the  
2 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a  
3 scholarship in its books and records.

4 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,  
5 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local  
6 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the  
7 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes  
8 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the  
9 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted  
10 after any such limitations are applied.

11 25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each  
12 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts  
13 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience  
14 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56  
15 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided  
16 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars  
17 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars  
18 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of  
19 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which  
20 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from  
21 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for  
22 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the  
23 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state  
24 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in  
2 more than one (1) tax year.

3 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a  
4 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual  
5 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital  
6 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of  
7 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

8 2. As used in this subsection:

9 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means  
10 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section  
11 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an  
12 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that  
13 result from:

14 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal  
15 property located within Oklahoma that has been  
16 directly or indirectly owned by the individual  
17 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five  
18 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction  
19 from which such net capital gains arise,

20 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or  
21 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma  
22 company, limited liability company, or  
23 partnership where such stock or ownership  
24 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by

1 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of  
2 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the  
3 transaction from which the net capital gains  
4 arise, or

5 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal  
6 property or intangible personal property located  
7 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or  
8 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma  
9 company, limited liability company, or  
10 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship  
11 business enterprise where such property has been  
12 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or  
13 business enterprise or owned by the owners of  
14 such entity or business enterprise for a period  
15 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of  
16 the transaction from which the net capital gains  
17 arise,

18 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of  
19 time. The holding period shall include any additional  
20 period when the property was held by another  
21 individual or entity, if such additional period is  
22 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the  
23 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,  
24

1 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or  
2 "partnership" means an entity whose primary  
3 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at  
4 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date  
5 of the transaction from which the net capital gains  
6 arise,

7 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns  
8 the asset,

9 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an  
10 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-  
11 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise  
12 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

13 (1) With respect to sales of real property or  
14 tangible personal property located within  
15 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this  
16 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-  
17 through entity that makes the sale has held the  
18 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted  
19 years prior to the date of the transaction that  
20 created the capital gain, and each pass-through  
21 entity included in the chain of ownership has  
22 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the  
23 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below  
24

1           it for an uninterrupted period of not less than  
2           five (5) years.

3           (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership  
4           interest in or sales of all or substantially all  
5           of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited  
6           liability company, partnership or Oklahoma  
7           proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction  
8           described in this subsection shall not apply  
9           unless the pass-through entity that makes the  
10          sale has held the stock or ownership interest for  
11          not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior  
12          to the date of the transaction that created the  
13          capital gain, and each pass-through entity  
14          included in the chain of ownership has been a  
15          member, partner or shareholder of the pass-  
16          through entity in the tier immediately below it  
17          for an uninterrupted period of not less than two  
18          (2) years. For purposes of this division,  
19          uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,  
20          shall be included in the determination of the  
21          required holding period prescribed by this  
22          division, and

23          f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a  
24          business enterprise whose income and expenses have

1           been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual  
2           taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar  
3           successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue  
4           Service and whose primary headquarters have been  
5           located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)  
6           uninterrupted years prior to the date of the  
7           transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

8           G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income  
9           under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed  
10          by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment  
11          trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in  
12          computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real  
13          estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

14          2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under  
15          this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents  
16          and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust  
17          that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this  
18          subsection. As used in this subsection:

- 19           a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"  
20           means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856  
21           of the Internal Revenue Code,  
22           b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means  
23           a real estate investment trust, the shares or  
24           beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

1 on an established securities market and more than  
2 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of  
3 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned  
4 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or  
5 constructively, by a single entity that is:

- 6 (1) treated as an association taxable as a  
7 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
- 8 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to  
9 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal  
10 Revenue Code.

11 The term shall not include a real estate investment  
12 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an  
13 established securities market, and that satisfies the  
14 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.  
15 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2)  
16 of the Internal Revenue Code,

17 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall  
18 not include the following entities:

- 19 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in  
20 paragraph a of this subsection other than a  
21 "captive real estate investment trust", or
- 22 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust  
23 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal  
24 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT

1 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment  
2 trust", or

3 (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an  
4 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed  
5 Investment Scheme" under the Australian  
6 Corporations Act in which the principal class of  
7 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in  
8 Australia and is regularly traded on an  
9 established securities market), or an entity  
10 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed  
11 Australian Property Trust owns or controls,  
12 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent  
13 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the  
14 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or

15 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a  
16 corporation, trust, association or partnership  
17 organized outside the laws of the United States  
18 and which satisfies the following criteria:

19 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the  
20 entity's total asset value at the close of  
21 its taxable year is represented by real  
22 estate assets, as defined in Section  
23 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
24 thereby including shares or certificates of

beneficial interest in any real estate  
investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,  
and U.S. Government securities,

(b) the entity receives a dividend-paid  
deduction comparable to Section 561 of the  
Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from  
entity level tax,

(c) the entity is required to distribute at  
least eighty-five percent (85%) of its  
taxable income, as computed in the  
jurisdiction in which it is organized, to  
the holders of its shares or certificates of  
beneficial interest on an annual basis,

(d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the  
voting power or value in such entity is held  
directly or indirectly or constructively by  
a single entity or individual, or the shares  
or beneficial interests of such entity are  
regularly traded on an established  
securities market, and

(e) the entity is organized in a country which  
has a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership  
rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by

1 Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in  
2 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any  
3 person.

4 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become  
5 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)  
6 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment  
7 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an  
8 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first  
9 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended  
10 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or  
11 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real  
12 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real  
13 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on  
14 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the  
15 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate  
16 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal  
17 Revenue Code.

18 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.  
19

20 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET, dated  
21 03/02/2022 - DO PASS, As Amended.  
22  
23  
24